



TROUBLESHOOTING THE PRODUCT

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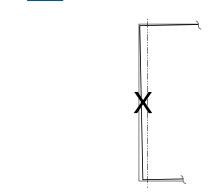
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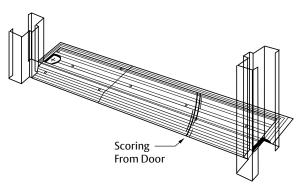
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

LOOK AT THE DOOR IN CLOSED POSITION FROM PULL SIDE OF DOOR

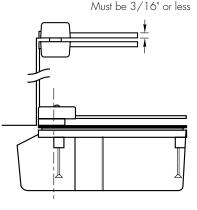
A. Is space between door, jamb, and sill consistent? If sagging, need to determine if reinforcements have failed or product is installed incorrectly.



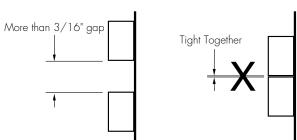
B. Is threshold worn from door dragging? Remove arm cap and loosen arm locking screw. Remove intermediate pivot cap and turn the set screw to raise the door. Put shims under arm of closer (between arm and boss). Backoff set screw and replace cap on M19. Now door is resting on spindle again. Tighten arm locking bolt screw. Replace arm cap. *Does not apply to center hung closers



C. Are leaves of top pivot more than 3/16" apart? Can you move the top pivot up and down with your fingers? The welds on the reinforcements have broken loose or were never there. Frames will need to be repaired before new product is installed.



D. On offset installation, is there an intermediate pivot? What is the gap between the two leaves? More than 3/16" or tight together presents problem. Weight of door should be on the bottom arm. No gap means intermediate pivot is carrying load of door.

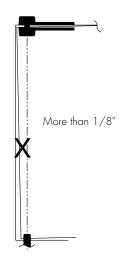


GENERAL NOTES BEFORE YOU START: HEAVY-DUTY AND SHALLOW DEPTH FLOOR CLOSERS

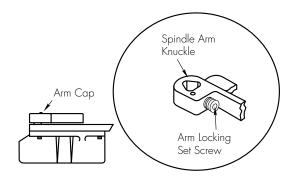
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

LOOK AT THE DOOR IN CLOSED POSITION FROM PULL SIDE OF DOOR

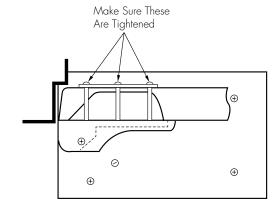
E. Is door plumb? A variance of 1/8" voids warranty.



F. Remove arm cap and tighten arm on spindle. Repeat several times with door in the open and closed positions.



G. On Q27 and HM27 closers, make sure thru bolts are secure.



H. Are there any noticeable pressure conditions? Spring tension may need to be adjusted but, if too severe, may not be overcome.

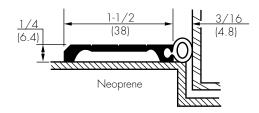
GENERAL NOTES BEFORE YOU START: HEAVY-DUTY AND SHALLOW DEPTH FLOOR CLOSERS



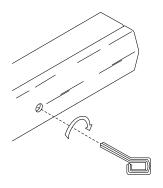
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

LOOK AT THE DOOR IN CLOSED POSITION FROM <u>PUSH</u> SIDE OF DOOR

A. Is there weatherstrip interference? Very critical. If it looks like there is a problem, have weatherstrip removed and see if closer works. If it does, then the owner will need to change weatherstrip type or location.



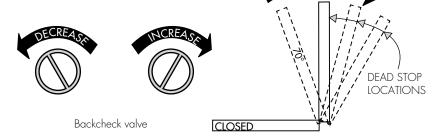
B. Door with exit devices "bounces." Disengage dogging. Closer will work fine. When using latching mechanisms, latch speed is faster than closing speed. When using push/pulls, the latch speed is slower so the door doesn't bounce. When exit devices are dogged, they are like a push/pull. Do not adjust to suit dogging. It may not close the door when latch is thrown.



C. Make sure all hardware latches and strikes align. Be aware of other hardware on the door that may be causing door not to close properly.

OPEN THE DOOR AS FAR AS IT WILL GO

- A. Is degree of opening consistent with product specified or needed? i.e., Closer ordered with 90° hold open but trim hits the wall at 88°. Or, floor closer is 90° deadstop and Checkmate® is templated at 110°. Top of door can be pushed, popping top pivot welds.
- B. Do you feel backcheck at 70°? If not, make adjustments.



C. Door should close from 90° to 0° in 3 to 6 seconds or longer.

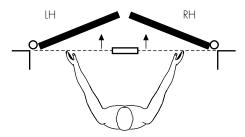
SINGLE ACTING OFFSET AND CENTER HUNG FLOOR CLOSERS

SIMILARITIES

Rixson heavy duty floor closers have springs that can be adjusted in the field. For aid in accomplishing this, contact a service center in your area. Click here for End User Sales and Service Centers

All Rixson single acting closers are handed. This is true of offset as well as center hung products.

Determining Hand of Door



All Rixson single acting closers have a preloaded spindle that causes the arm (door) to come to rest beyond the zero degree position about 7° in towards the room. This is to make sure the latch engages in the strike and to help overcome negative building pressures. This requires all frames to have integral or applied stops.







TROUBLE:

1. Door Will Not Fully Close

PROBABLE CAUSE	REM	EDY
A. Door is binding on head of frame, weatherstrip or jambs.	A. Check and correct alignment of top pivot, side jamb pivot and spindle. Check and correct closer location. Make certain closer is level and at proper depth. Check and correct mortising of arms and pivots. Move weatherstrip position on frame.	Top Pivot Jamb Portion Top Pivot Door Portion Intermediate Pivot (Side Jamb) Arm Cap
B. Draft condition.	B. Adjust spring tension. winding spring will cause door to be harder to open. Attempt to decrease draft condition.	
C. Arm loose on spindle.	C. Tighten arm locking screw. Spin Knuc	adle Arm ckle Arm Locking Screw

2. Door Won't Close

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. Broken internal mechanism.	A. Replace closer.
B. Spindle twisted from door racking. Improperly adjusted backcheck.	B. Replace closer.



TROUBLE:

3. Door Opens Too Hard

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. Too great a spring power.	A. Reduce spring tension.
B. Door is binding on head of frame weatherstrip or threshold.	B. Check and correct alignment of top pivot, side jamb pivot and spindle. Check and correct closer location. Make certain closer is level and at proper depth. Check and correct mortising of arms and pivots. Move weatherstrip position on frame.
C. Backcheck adjusted too firmly.	C. Release backcheck valve. (CCW) RIXSON FIREMARK FRANKLIN PARK ILLINOIS RH SLOW SLOW FIREMARK FRANKLIN PARK ILLINOIS RH SLOW SLOW FULL FU

4. Door Closes Too Fast or Too Slow

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. Closer requires adjustment.	A. On #20 and 25 closers, adjust the single valve in the center of the closer. Turn CW to slow down and CCW to make faster. On #27 and 51 closers, there are 2 closing speed valves: Stroke (from full open to 15°) and latch (from 15° to 0°). Turn CW to slow down and CCW to make faster.



TROUBLE:

5. Door Closes Rapidly - No Control or Adjustment

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. Loss of hydraulics.	A. Remove floor plate. If evidence of leakage, replace closer.
B. Mechanical defect.	B. Replace closer.

6. Door Hits Dead Stop Too Hard - Racking Door (27 Only)

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. Backcheck not adjusted.	A. Adjust hydraulic backcheck valve. Note: hydraulic backcheck must be adjusted to vary resistance from light to firm at 70° of door opening.

7. Door Cracks or Pops When Taken Out of Hold Open

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY	
A. Arm locking screw loose.	A. Tighten arm locking screw.	
	Spindle Arm Knuckle Arm Locking Screw	



TROUBLE:

8. Door Drags On Floor or Threshold

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. Arm locking screw loose.	A. Tighten arm locking screw.
B. Shims worn or missing.	B. Using intermediate pivot - raise door & re-insert shims.

9. Arm Loose in Bottom of Door

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. Arm screws not properly attached to door.	A. Tighten steel arm screws in bottom of door. Door must be reinforced.

10. Hold Open Does Not Engage

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. Closer is not hold open type.	A. Replace closer.
B. Selector hold open is not engaged (for 27 only).	B. Screw must be turned full 180°. RIXSON FIREMARK FRANKLIN PARK ILLINOIS RH SLOVI SLOVI FULL F
C. Trim prevents door from reaching hold open point.	C. Reduce trim projection or replace closer with one that has a lesser hold open degree.



TROUBLE:

11. Door Wavers at Closed Position

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY	
A. Arm locking screw is loose.	A. Tighten arm locking screw.	Spindle Arm Knuckle Arm Locking Screw
B. Arm screws not properly attached to door.	B. Tighten steel arm screws in bottom of door. Door must be reinforced.	Door

12. Door Slams Just Before Closing

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. Latch valve requires adjustment.	A. Adjust latch valve. CW to slow, CCW to make faster. RINSON FIREMARK FRANKLIN PARK ILLINOIS RH SLON SLON FIREMARK FRANKLIN PARK ILLINOIS SLON FIREMARK FRANKLIN PARK ILLINOIS SLON FIREMARK FRANKLIN PARK ILLINOIS
B. Arm locking scre is loose.	B. Tighten arm locking screw. Spindle Arm Knuckle Arm Locking Screw



TROUBLE:

1. Door Will Not Fully Close

PROBABLE CAUSE	REM	EDY
A. Door is binding on head of frame, weatherstrip or jambs.	A. Check and correct alignment of top pivot and spindle. Check and correct closer location. Make certain closer is level and at proper depth. Check and correct mortising of arms and pivots. Minor horizontal adjustment can be made by turning arm screw.	Top Pivot Jamb Portion Top Pivot Door Portion Adjusting Screw Arm Plate "H" Alignment Screws
B. Draft condition.	B. Adjust spring tension. Note winding spring will cause door to be harder to open. Attempt to decrease draft condition.	
C. Arm not properly centered.	C. Loosen and tighten arm alignment screws to center door.	

2. Door Is Racking Against Jam

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. Door allowed to hit jamb or wall.	A. Floor stop or holder required to prevent door from hitting jamb or wall.



TROUBLE:

3. Door Opens Too Hard

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. Too great a spring power.	A. Reduce spring tension.
B. Door is binding on head of frame weatherstrip or threshold.	B. Check and correct alignment of top pivot and spindle. Check and correct closer location. Make certain closer is level and at proper depth. Check and correct mortising of arms and pivots. Minor horizontal adjustment can be made by turning arm screw.
C. Backcheck or hydraulic cushion adjusted too firmly.	C. Release backcheck valve. (CCW) On 30/40 increase closing speed, which will reduce hydraulic cushion. Closing speed (Single valve for each swing) These valves control the closing speed for the PULL swing direction and the backcheck for the PUSH side swing. Models 30 and 40 (2 valves)



TROUBLE:

4. Door Closes Too Fast or Too Slow

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. Closer requires adjustment.	A. On #21 and 26 closers, adjust the single valve in the center of the closer. Turn CW to slow down and CCW to make faster. On #28 and 50 closers, there are 2 closing speed valves: Stroke (from full open to 15°) and latch (from 15° to 0°). Turn CW to slow down and CCW to make faster. On 30/40 series, independent valves control each swing. Turn CW to make faster.

5. Door Closes Rapidly - No Control or Adjustment

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. Loss of hydraulics.	A. Remove floor plate. If evidence of leakage, replace closer.
B. Mechanical defect.	B. Replace closer.

6. Door Hits Dead Stop Too Hard - Racking Door (28 Only)

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. Backcheck not adjusted.	A. Adjust hydraulic backcheck valve. Note: hydraulic backcheck must be adjusted to vary resistance from light to firm at 70° of door opening. RIKSON FIREMARK FRANKLIN PARK ILLINOIS RH



TROUBLE:

7. Door Cracks or Pops When Taken Out of Hold Open

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. Spindle screw is loose.	A. Tighten spindle screw. Tighten Spindle Screw Firmly Arm Spindle
B. Arm alignment screws loose, broken or missing.	B. Tighten arm alignment screws or replace with new. Alignment Screws
C. H-Plate loose on bottom web of door.	C. Remove door and re-affix H-Plate.

8. Door Drags On Floor or Threshold

PROBABLE CAUSE	REA	MEDY
A. Requires vertical adjustment.	A. Remove door and insert shims between H plate & door rail to raise door.	Shims (for threshold use only) Arm Plate "H" Closer in Floor
B. Closer set too deep or not level in floor.	B. Reset cement case to proper depth.	



TROUBLE:

9. Arm Loose In Bottom of Door

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. Arm alignment screws not properly tightened.	A. Tighten arm alignment screws. Alignment Screws
B. Arm H plate not properly attached to door.	B. Tighten screws holding H plate. Door Shims (for threshold use only) Arm Plate "H" Closer in Floor

10. Hold Open Does Not Engage

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. Closer is not hold open type.	A. Replace closer.
B. Selector hold open is not engaged (for 28 only).	B. Screw must be turned full 180°. RIXSON FIREMARK FRANKLIN PARK ILLINOIS RIXSON FRANKLIN FRANKLIN PARK ILLINOIS RIXSON FRANKLIN FRANKLIN PARK ILLINOIS RIXSON FRANKLIN FRANKLIN FRANKLIN PARK ILLINOIS RIXSON FRANKLIN FRANKLIN FRANKLIN PARK ILLINOIS RIXSON FRANKLIN FRANKLIN FRANKLI
C. Trim prevents door from reaching hold open point.	C. Reduce trim projection or replace closer with one that has a lesser hold open degree.



TROUBLE:

11. Door Wavers at Closed Position

PROBABLE CAUSE	R	REMEDY
A. Arm alignment screws are loose.	A. Tighten arm alignment screws.	Alignment Screws
B. Arm H plate not properly attached to door.	B. Tighten screws holding H plate.	Door Shims (for
C. Arm H plate not properly attached to door.	C. Check and correct Arm H plate attachment to door.	threshold use only) Arm Plate "H" Spindle Closer in Floor

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY	
A. Latch valve requires adjustment.	A. Adjust latch valve. CW to slow, CCW to make faster. RIXSON FIREMARK FRANKLIN PARK ILLINOIS RH SLOW SLOW SLOW FILLINOIS	
B. Arm alignment screws are loose.	B. Tighten arm alignment screw. Alignment Screws	



TROUBLE:

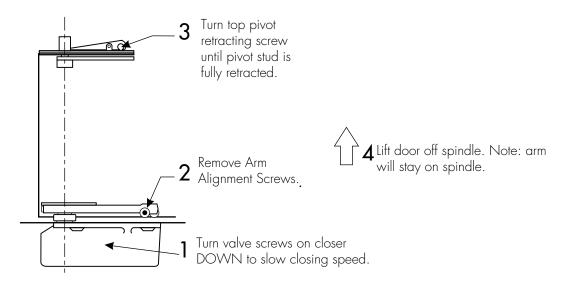
13. Door Swings Past Center

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. No stop on frame.	A. All single acting closers have preload on the spindle that causes the arm to rest at about 7° past center. Frame stop must be applied at lock edge, such as 60131.

14. Door Won't Close

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
A. Broken internal mechanism.	A. Replace closer.
B. Spindle twisted from door racking. Improperly adjusted backcheck.	B. Replace closer.

TO REMOVE CENTER HUNG DOOR Does not apply to #26, 30 or 40 Closers





OVERHEAD CONCEALED

TROUBLE:

1. Closer Leaking at Spindle

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY	
A. Door pushed past spindle stop.	A. Replace closer. Make sure there is an auxiliary stop.	
B. Spindle seal worn.	B. Replace closer. Make sure there is an auxiliary stop.	

2. Center Hung Arm Broken at Spindle

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY	
A. The screws were not tightened correctly when installed.	A. When installing, do not tighten one side of spindle first. Always tighten evenly.	
B. Arm mortise too deep.Won't allow complete engagement of spindle into arm.	B. Shim arm.	





CHECKMATE® HOLDERS AND STOPS

TROUBLE:

1. Arm Drags

PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY	
A. Templating is off. Arm is at an angle.	A. Re-mortise door.	



TROUBLESHOOTING YOUR DOOR HOLDER

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	
Does not hold		Power not turned on.
	24VAC/VDC 120VAC COM 12VDC 参查查查	Neutral wire not connected to "COM" on terminal strip. Power wire not connected to correct power slot on terminal strip.
		For single voltage coils-one wire attaches to ground, the other is attached to the power wire.
		Contact plate is not sitting completely flat across circular ring of the coil.
	5 10 15 0 15 DC VOLTS	Check line voltage coming from power supply (range +/-10%).
Holding force weak (less than 25 pounds)		For DC coils reverse polarity. Switch position of wires on terminal strip. Dirt or cleaning solvent on contact plate or on circular ring of coil; wipe with very fine emery cloth with power turned off. Then clean surface again.
	24VAC/VDC 120VAC COM 12VDC 24VDC	Power wire not connected to <u>correct</u> power slot on terminal strip. 12VAC input instead of 12VDC.
Humming sound		Contact plate not sitting completely flat across the circular ring of the coil. Tighten armature pivoting screw.

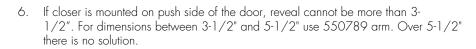
866-474-9766 Technical Department



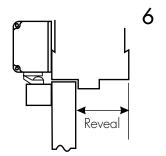
SMOK CHEK® V

Checklist:

- Make sure unit is connected to power.
- Using piece of metal, insert in front of coil to see if it is operational. If not, recheck wiring and see where line is broken.
- Check amperage draw. If multiple units are off one power supply, test each unit without the other units energized.
- Verify dimensions from template.
- Wires should be coming through frame away from the hinge.

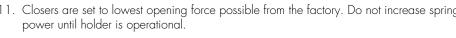


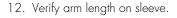




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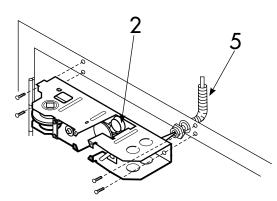
- Remove cover from holder. With door in the open position, look up in "window". You should see the words "push" or "pull". If you are standing on the push side of the door you need to see the word "push" through the window.
- To strengthen hold, tighten or loosen adjusting nut.
- 10. Arm should not have been pre-loaded.
- 11. Closers are set to lowest opening force possible from the factory. Do not increase spring

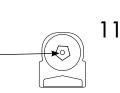




13. Can door swing past 85°?





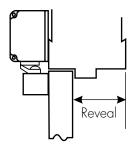




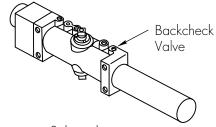
SMOK CHEK® VI

Checklist:

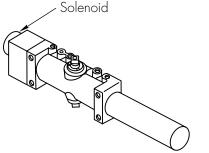
- 1. Make sure unit is connected to power.
- 2. Check templating.
- 3. Door must be able to swing 10°-15° past hold open point. If door cannot swing at least 100° it will not hold open (hold open range is 85°-170°).
- 4. Deep reveals on the pull side require a special arm.



 Door creeps shut - open door, hold in place, remove backcheck valve. Two or three drops of oil will drip out. Replace valve. Allow door to complete closing cycle. Open door to desired location. Allow door to close, open again and allow to close.



6. If door will not hold at all, gently turn solenoid CCW until door holds. Do not turn too much or door will not close at all.





TROUBLESHOOTING THE PRODUCT

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For a complete listing of products and applications please visit our web site.

www.rixson.com www.assaabloy.ca

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